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MARRIAGES, BIRTHS, AND DEATHS IN GREAT BRITAIN.

No. I.—ENGLAND AND WALES.

MARRIAGES IN THE QUARTER ENDED 30TH JUNE, 1863; AND
 BIRTHS AND DEATHS IN THE QUARTER ENDED
 30TH SEPTEMBER, 1863.

AFTER a season of depression which extended over two years the marriage-rate rallied in the first quarter of the current year, and rose decidedly above the average in the subsequent quarter. The improvement indicates increased confidence in the minds of the people, in respect to their ability to earn a sufficient and comfortable subsistence. The births were more numerous than they had ever been in the summer quarter before; and the proportion they bore to the population in which they occurred was higher than usual. But while the aspect of the returns is favourable as regards marriages and births, a tale of deaths, which is heavier than that of any summer quarter since the year of epidemic cholera, 1854, shows that the public health was far from being in a satisfactory state. The death-rate was considerably higher than it had been in any of the corresponding quarters that have intervened since 1854. Epidemic diseases spread with destructive force amongst the young; and apparently the season was less salubrious than it usually is to older persons.

ENGLAND :—MARRIAGES, BIRTHS, and DEATHS, *returned in the Years*
1857-63, and in the QUARTERS of those Years.

Calendar YEARS, 1857-63 :—Numbers.

Years	'63.	'62.	'61.	'60.	'59.	'58.	'57.
Marriages No.	—	163,991	163,706	170,156	167,723	156,070	159,097
Births..... „	—	711,691	696,406	684,048	689,881	655,481	663,071
Deaths..... „	—	436,514	435,114	422,721	440,781	449,656	419,815

QUARTERS of each Calendar Year, 1857-63.

(I.) MARRIAGES :—*Numbers.*

<i>Qrs. ended last day of</i>	'63.	'62.	'61.	'60.	'59.	'58.	'57.
MarchNo.	35,454	33,976	33,274	35,150	35,382	29,918	33,321
June „	44,058	40,771	42,012	43,777	42,042	39,890	41,267
Septmbr..... „	—	40,585	39,884	40,541	39,803	38,599	38,669
Decmbr. „	—	48,659	48,536	50,688	50,496	47,663	45,840

QUARTERS of each Calendar Year, 1857-63.

(II.) BIRTHS:—Numbers.

<i>Qrs. ended last day of</i>	'63.	'62.	'61.	'60.	'59.	'58.	'57.
MarchNo.	186,653	182,005	172,933	183,180	175,532	170,959	170,430
June „	189,611	185,638	184,820	174,028	175,864	169,115	170,444
Septmbr. „	173,125	172,237	172,033	164,121	168,394	157,445	161,181
Decmbr. „	—	171,811	166,620	162,719	170,091	157,962	161,016

(III.) DEATHS:—Numbers.

<i>Qrs. ended last day of</i>	'63.	'62.	'61.	'60.	'59.	'58.	'57.
MarchNo.	128,524	122,192	121,215	122,617	121,580	125,819	108,665
June „	118,375	107,555	107,558	110,869	105,631	107,142	100,046
Septmbr. „	112,384	92,225	101,232	86,312	104,216	98,142	100,528
Decmbr. „	—	114,542	105,109	102,923	109,354	118,553	110,576

MARRIAGES.—The number of persons married in the June quarter was 88,116; they were married at an annual rate of 1·72 to a hundred persons in the population. The average rate for the same quarter is 1·69 per cent. In the two corresponding quarters of 1861-62 the rates were 1·68 and 1·61. A certain number of the prospective alliances of those two years, deferred in expectation of better times, would doubtless attain their consummation in the present year.

The number of marriages was 44,058, against 42,012 and 40,771 in the corresponding quarters respectively of 1861-62. In London and in all the groups of counties into which England is divided in the tabular arrangement, the marriages were more numerous than they had previously been in the June quarter of 1862. In London they rose from 7,198 to 7,790; in the South-eastern counties from 3,324 to 3,657; in the West Midland from 4,944 to 5,362; in the North Midland from 2,645 to 2,811; in the North-western, which embrace Cheshire and Lancashire, from 6,401 to 7,000; in Yorkshire from 4,161 to 4,532; in Monmouthshire and Wales from 2,454 to 2,796. Of forty English counties only five appear in which there was a decrease; these were Kent, Northamptonshire, Devonshire, Cornwall, and Shropshire. Many of the districts of which the counties consist are unimportant in numbers; and not a few, more or less important, might be cited, which exhibit a decrease; but increase is the rule, and as such tends to show that the view which the marriageable part of the community were enabled to take of their position was on the whole satisfactory to themselves.

Liverpool and its neighbouring districts Birkenhead and West Derby mainly contributed to that improvement which is manifested in the marriage registers of the North-western division. In those three districts the marriages in the June quarter of 1862 were 1,534; in that of 1863 they were 1,756. In Manchester and Salford together they were 1,202 and 1,337; in Ashton 219 and 259; in Blackburn 200 and 269; in Preston 213 and 240. The district of Stockport exhibits a decrease; and there are others, in the seat of the cotton manufacture, which, if they show little decrease in the marriages, were not able to furnish an increase. In such localities, as in others, it is probable that occupation was partially restored and distress alleviated; but the movement of young men and women in quest of work was sufficient to depress the marriage returns more than it did in other districts.

ENGLAND:—*Annual Rates per Cent. of PERSONS MARRIED, BIRTHS, and DEATHS, during the YEARS 1857-63, and the QUARTERS of those Years.*

Calendar YEARS, 1857-63 :—General Percentage Results.

YEARS	'63.	Mean '53-'62.	'62.	'61.	'60.	'59.	'58.	'57.
Estmtd. Popln. of England in thousands in middle of each Year....	20,554	—	20,337	20,119	19,903	19,687	19,471	19,257
Persons Mar- ried Per ct. }	—	1'670	1'612	1'628	1'710	1'704	1'604	1'652
Births ,	—	3'427	3'500	3'461	3'437	3'504	3'366	3'443
Deaths.... ,	—	2'211	2'146	2'163	2'124	2'239	2'309	2'180

QUARTERS of each Calendar Year, 1857-63.

(I.) PERSONS MARRIED :—*Percentages.*

Qrs. ended last day of	'63.	Mean '53-'62.	'62.	'61.	'60.	'59.	'58.	'57.
March....Per ct.	1'404	1'394	1'360	1'346	1'422	1'464	1'252	1'410
June..... ,	1'722	1'693	1'610	1'678	1'766	1'716	1'646	1'722
Septmbr. ,	—	1'607	1'582	1'570	1'614	1'602	1'570	1'592
Decmbr. ,	—	1'975	1'890	1'906	2'012	2'026	1'934	1'880

(II.) BIRTHS :—*Percentages.*

Qrs. ended last day of	'63.	Mean '53-'62.	'62.	'61.	'60.	'59.	'58.	'57.
March....Per ct.	3'698	3'594	3'644	3'500	3'707	3'631	3'576	3'604
June ,	3'705	3'587	3'666	3'690	3'512	3'588	3'488	3'555
Septmbr. ,	3'337	3'292	3'356	3'388	3'267	3'389	3'204	3'316
Decmbr. ,	—	3'236	3'338	3'272	3'230	3'414	3'205	3'304

(III.) DEATHS :—*Percentages.*

Qrs. ended last day of	'63.	Mean '53-'62.	'62.	'61.	'60.	'59.	'58.	'57.
March....Per ct.	2'546	2'498	2'447	2'453	2'481	2'515	2'631	2'298
June..... ,	2'313	2'191	2'124	2'147	2'237	2'155	2'210	2'087
Septmbr. ,	2'166	1'982	1'797	1'994	1'718	2'097	1'997	2'068
Decmbr. ,	—	2'178	2'226	2'064	2'043	2'195	2'406	2'269

BIRTHS.—The annual birth-rate in the summer quarter (July, August, September) was 3·34 per cent., against an average of 3·29. The total number of births was 173,125; in the same quarter of 1853 the number was 147,602. That part of the English nation from which the natural supply of population is drawn has so far increased in ten years as to produce more children by 25,523 than it did in a similar period in 1853.

The births registered in London were 24,254. The four Northern counties, with their population of less than 1,200,000, as returned at last census, registered as many births (11,200) as Monmouthshire and Wales, with a population exceeding 1,300,000. In all the eleven divisions, with only a few considerable exceptions, the births were more numerous than they had been in either of the two previous corresponding quarters. There was a decrease on the mean of those quarters in the Eastern counties amounting to 2·8 per cent.; in the North Midland to 2·3 per cent.; and in the North-western (Cheshire and Lancashire) amounting to 3·4 per cent.

INCREASE OF POPULATION.—As the births were 173,125 and the deaths 112,384, the natural increase of the population was 60,741. The increase was at the rate of 660 daily.

The number of emigrants who left ports in the United Kingdom at which there are Government emigration officers was 58,320 in the quarter, of whom 20,008 were of English origin.* 36,496 were bound for the United States; 6,538 for the North American colonies; 14,075 for the Australian colonies; and 1,211 for other places. The emigration was greater than it had been in any September quarter since 1854, and nearly three times as great as it was in that of 1861. There was an increase in the emigration to Canada and Australia, but it was insignificant as compared with the extraordinary result which the temptation of employment with high wages in the United States has produced by stimulating the movement, chiefly of the Irish people, to that country. But the temptation does not appear to operate on the Scottish mind, for it deserves to be noted, that while 2,059 emigrants sailed from ports in Scotland for British North America, and 1,224 for the Australian colonies, none went to the United States. Nor was there any emigration to the country last mentioned from Scotch ports in the September quarter of 1862; and there was almost none in that of 1861. It has declined since 1851, when in the corresponding three months it embraced 2,854 persons.

PRICES, PAUPERISM, AND THE WEATHER.—Wheat and potatoes were both cheap; the latter esculent ranged for the best quality from 70s. to 105s. per ton at the waterside market, Southwark, a price which is lower than what has been obtained at the same place at any previous time since the September quarter of 1859. The average price of wheat was 45s. 7d. per quarter, which is less than at any other time since March 1860; it has been falling during the last eighteen months. The average price of the better and worse qualities of beef sold by the carcase in the city markets was 5½d. per lb.; that of mutton, 5¾d.

The following figures show the average number of paupers relieved on the last day of each week in the last three summer quarters:—

September quarter, 1861	In-door, 112,932	Out-door, 693,649
" '62	" 119,592	" 789,914
" '63	" 120,189	" 819,795

This statement exhibits an increase in the present year, which arises from the circumstance that many recipients of relief in the distressed manufacturing districts have been transferred from the local committees to boards of guardians, and have

* Return with which the Registrar-General has been favoured by the Emigration Commissioners: the number returned as of English origin was 17,758, while the birthplace of 6,559 emigrants was not distinguished; in the above statement a proportional number of these has been added to those returned as of English origin.

thus prevented that decrease in the above returns of pauperism which the improvement in the condition of those districts would otherwise have effected. The number of poor persons relieved out-door by the guardians in the cotton districts in the three months ending 30th September, 1863, was 398,988. In administering relief to 148,228 of that number the boards were aided by the local committees.

CONSOLS, PROVISIONS, PAUPERISM, and TEMPERATURE, in each of the Nine
QUARTERS ending 30th September, 1863.

1	2	3	4 5		6	7 8		9
Quarters ending	Average Price of Consols (for Money).	Average Price of Wheat per Quarter in England and Wales.	Average Prices of Meat per lb. at Leadenhall and Newgate Markets (by the Carcase), with the <i>Mean</i> Prices.		Average Prices of Potatoes (York Regents) per Ton at Waterside Market, Southwark.	Pauperism.		Mean Tem- pera- ture.
			Beef.	Mutton.		Quarterly Average of the Number of Paupers relieved on the <i>last day</i> of each week.		
						In-door.	Out-door.	
1861	£	s. d.	d. d. d.	d. d. d.	s. s. s.			
30 Sept.	91 $\frac{3}{8}$	52 1	4 $\frac{1}{4}$ —6 $\frac{1}{2}$ 5 $\frac{3}{8}$	4 $\frac{1}{2}$ —7 5 $\frac{1}{2}$	85—110 97	112,932	693,649	60·4
31 Dec.	93 $\frac{2}{8}$	59 3	4—6 $\frac{1}{4}$ 5 $\frac{1}{8}$	4 $\frac{3}{4}$ —6 $\frac{3}{4}$ 5 $\frac{3}{4}$	110—130 120	128,533	716,096	45·5
1862								
31 Mar.	93 $\frac{1}{8}$	60 1	4—6 $\frac{1}{4}$ 5 $\frac{1}{8}$	4 $\frac{3}{4}$ —6 $\frac{1}{2}$ 5 $\frac{5}{8}$	130—155 142	143,926	804,272	41·1
30 June	93 $\frac{6}{8}$	56 8	4—6 5	5—7 6	180—200 190	127,863	781,858	53·3
30 Sept.	93 $\frac{2}{8}$	56 10	4 $\frac{1}{4}$ —6 $\frac{1}{4}$ 5 $\frac{1}{4}$	5 $\frac{1}{4}$ —7 6 $\frac{1}{8}$	100—130 115	119,592	789,914	58·7
31 Dec.	93 $\frac{3}{8}$	48 2	4—6 $\frac{1}{4}$ 5 $\frac{1}{8}$	5 $\frac{1}{4}$ —6 $\frac{3}{4}$ 6	90—110 100	132,663	907,493	45·0
1863								
31 Mar.	92 $\frac{4}{8}$	46 7	4—6 $\frac{1}{4}$ 5 $\frac{1}{8}$	5—7 6	120—130 125	143,661	948,212	42·6
30 June	93 $\frac{1}{8}$	46 2	4 $\frac{1}{4}$ —6 $\frac{1}{4}$ 5 $\frac{1}{4}$	4 $\frac{3}{4}$ —6 $\frac{3}{4}$ 5 $\frac{3}{4}$	110—130 120	127,852	879,241	53·0
30 Sept.	93	45 7	4 $\frac{1}{2}$ —6 $\frac{1}{4}$ 5 $\frac{3}{8}$	4 $\frac{3}{4}$ —6 $\frac{3}{4}$ 5 $\frac{3}{4}$	70—105 87	120,189	819,795	58·8

Col. 6 is deduced from the Weekly Tables published in the *Economist*. The *average* of the highest and of the lowest *weekly* prices is here shown in cols. 4, 5, and 6, and not the *absolute* highest or lowest price quoted at any period of the quarter.

Cols. 7 and 8 are deduced from the Returns of the Poor Law Board. The Returns now relate to 655 Unions, &c., comprising a population of 19,885,921 (in 1861), and do not include the paupers of parishes, &c., incorporated under Gilbert's Act, or still under the 43rd Elizabeth; Lunatic Paupers in Asylums and Vagrants relieved in the above Unions are also excluded. They amounted on January 1st, 1860, to—Insane Persons, 31,554; Vagrants, 1,542. The rest of the paupers on that day amounted to 817,800.

The weather in the quarter, as observed and described by Mr. Glaisher at Greenwich, was characterised by alternations of heat and cold till the middle of the

period, and by cold attended with much wet during the last six weeks, circumstances which could hardly fail injuriously to affect the public health. From the beginning till the middle of July, the mean temperature of the air exceeded the average by two degrees; thereafter to the end of the month it was below the average nearly four degrees. Heat followed in the first fortnight of August, three degrees and a-half in excess. For the remaining portion of the three months there was an almost daily defect of about two degrees in the temperature. The mean temperature of the whole period was 58.8° , which is about one degree below the average. The amount of rain measured was six inches, which is nearly two inches less than the average; but half of it fell in September, which was a moist month, when the two months which preceded it had been dry. Both days and nights in the earlier half of August were warm, but in September both were cold. Though the weather has been less favourable to health than it was in previous summers, the report of the registrar of Preston may be quoted here, for it is applicable to other districts besides his own:—"The bountiful harvest which we have had, and the abundant crop of potatoes, will be an invaluable blessing, and will greatly assist in mitigating the sufferings of the working classes during the winter."

DEATHS; AND THE STATE OF THE PUBLIC HEALTH.—The total number of deaths in the last quarter was 112,384, against 101,232 and 92,225 respectively in the two previous summer quarters. In the same period of 1860 the number was only 86,312, and if last summer had been as healthy, it may be stated in round numbers that at least 23,000 persons would have been living when autumn came whose names were enrolled in the registers.

The increase of deaths on the mean of two previous corresponding quarters (1861-62) was equal to 12.7 per cent. in London, 15.2 per cent. in the South-eastern counties, 21.6 in the South Midland, 13.9 in the Eastern, 18.6 in the South-western, 19.3 in the West Midland, 16.6 in the North Midland, 14.8 in the North-western (Cheshire and Lancashire), 21 in Yorkshire, 17.8 in the Northern counties, and 7.3 in Monmouthshire and Wales. Hence it appears that the increase was least in Monmouthshire and Wales, greatest in the South Midland counties and Yorkshire; and that in the Metropolis, in the Eastern and South-eastern counties, and in the districts of the cotton manufacture, it was from 13 to 15 per cent. The unfavourable influences that were at work pervaded the country generally, and Lancashire did not suffer more than most parts, but less than some. When the central committee for the relief of the distressed districts state in their report (19th October), written some weeks after the complaints that prevail chiefly in the warm season have subsided, that "the health of the population is generally in a satisfactory condition," probably nothing more is implied than that the families of the operatives are as healthy as they usually are in October, though they may not yet have attained that measure of health which it is hoped the sanitary works that are to be begun or are already in progress will confer upon them.

Scarlatina and diarrhoea, widely diffused over the country, were the chief immediate causes from which the increase of mortality sprang. The deaths rose to 2.166 per cent. per annum, against the average summer rate of 1.982. In the Eastern and North Midland counties the death-rate was rather below the average of England; in London it rose to 2.325; in Cheshire and Lancashire it was 2.431; in Yorkshire, 2.446. That great division, which contains the districts of the cotton manufacture, has always asserted a bad pre-eminence in the tables of mortality; but notwithstanding the distress that still prevails, and the greater distress it has suffered, it will be seen that in the present returns it may be compared with Yorkshire without disadvantage. Its density of population is much greater than that of any other division, with the exception of London, and is more than double that of Yorkshire. Lately a certain number of the working population has removed, in what amount is unknown, and Yorkshire has doubtless gained part of that which Lancashire has lost; but this circumstance can hardly affect the comparison in any material degree.

ANNUAL RATE of MORTALITY per Cent. in TOWN and COUNTRY DISTRICTS of ENGLAND in each Quarter of the Years 1863-61.

	Area in Statute Acres.	Population Enumerated.		Quarters ending	Annual Rate of Mortality per Cent. in each Quarter of the Years			
		1851.	1861.		1863.	Mean '53-62.	1862.	1861.
In 142 Districts, and 56 Sub-districts, comprising the <i>Chief Towns</i>	3,287,151	9,155,964	10,930,841	{ March	2·705	2·688	2·661	2·658
				{ June....	2·478	2·336	2·265	2·271
				{ Sept. ...	2·404	2·239	1·977	2·193
				{ Dec.	—	2·454	2·512	2·291
				Year	—	2·429	2·354	2·353
In the remaining Districts and Sub- districts of Eng- land and Wales, comprising chiefly <i>Small Towns</i> and <i>Country Parishes</i> }	34,037,732	8,771,645	9,135,383	Year	—	1·970	1·894	1·938
				{ March	2·343	2·287	2·184	2·210
				{ June .	2·102	2·031	1·949	1·999
				{ Sept. ...	1·864	1·694	1·573	1·753
				{ Dec.	—	1·866	1·870	1·790

Note.—The three months January, February, March, contain 90, in leap year 91 days; the three months April, May, June, 91 days; each of the last two quarters of the year 92 days. For this inequality a correction has been made in the calculations, also for the difference between 365 and 365·25 days, and 366 and 365·25 days in leap year.

The death-rate in the town districts of England was 2·404 per cent., against an average of 2·239. The mortality of the country districts was, as is usual, considerably less; but it was also much in excess of the summer average, for it rose to 1·864, against 1·694. It is obvious that cities are not the only haunts of those diseases that are propagated by foul air and bad water, and in homes of penury; nor are young rustics proof against the weather. In a thousand instances the water which town populations command within their houses, the countryman in the village or on the wild can only obtain with uncertainty and toil; his rations are meagre; his walls damp; the refuse-heaps are near his door, “for as a rule, no rubbish is removed, but waits patiently the action of mere natural chemistry;” * and shut up many hours of the night with his family, he is deprived even of that which is supposed his inalienable birthright, the pure air, which invests his dwelling, and seeks on all sides, but in vain, to be admitted.

The deaths in Cumberland were 938 and 924 in the September quarter of 1861-62; they were in the last quarter 1,159, and exhibited an increase of 24 per cent. In the district of Carlisle they were in those three summer quarters 232, 209, 288; in Cockermouth, 195, 201, 218; in Whitehaven, 169, 192, and 297. In the Cockermouth district the mortality was 21 deaths to a thousand of the population; in Carlisle it rose to 25; and in Whitehaven it rose as high as 29. Measles, scarlatina, and whooping-cough have been prevalent in Carlisle; small-pox in Keswick, where there were 60 cases of the disease, and 5 fatal; and the same disease has prevailed in the town of Cockermouth. “Fever” was exceedingly fatal both in the town of Whitehaven and at St. Bees.

* Thomas Carlyle, *Life of Sterling*.

ENGLAND: — MARRIAGES Registered in Quarters ended 30th June, 1863-61; and BIRTHS and DEATHS in Quarters ended 30th September, 1863-61.

1	2	3	4 5 6		
DIVISIONS. (England and Wales.)	AREA in Statute Acres.	POPULATION, 1861. (Persons.)	MARRIAGES in Quarters ended 30th June,		
			'63.	'62.	'61.
		No.	No.	No.	No.
ENGLD. & WALES....Totals	37,324,883	20,066,224	44,058	40,771	42,012
I. London	77,997	2,803,989	7,790	7,198	6,916
II. South-Eastern	4,065,935	1,847,661	3,657	3,324	3,438
III. South Midland	3,201,290	1,295,497	2,092	1,989	1,984
IV. Eastern	3,214,099	1,142,580	1,661	1,548	1,690
V. South-Western	4,993,660	1,835,714	3,607	3,519	3,649
VI. West Midland	3,865,332	2,436,568	5,362	4,944	5,120
VII. North Midland	3,540,797	1,288,928	2,811	2,645	2,788
VIII. North-Western	2,000,227	2,935,540	7,000	6,401	7,055
IX. Yorkshire	3,654,636	2,015,541	4,532	4,161	4,130
X. Northern	3,492,322	1,151,372	2,750	2,588	2,726
XI. Monmthsh. & Wales	5,218,588	1,312,834	2,796	2,454	2,516

7	8	9	10	11	12	13
DIVISIONS. (England and Wales.)	BIRTHS in Quarters ended 30th September,			DEATHS in Quarters ended 30th September,		
	'63.	'62.	'61.	'63.	'62.	'61.
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
ENGLD. & WALES....Totals	173,125	172,237	172,033	112,384	92,225	101,232
I. London	24,254	22,984	23,597	17,105	15,133	15,234
II. South-Eastern	14,877	13,992	14,343	9,080	7,368	8,400
III. South Midland	10,566	10,399	10,541	7,044	5,361	6,225
IV. Eastern	8,738	8,954	9,020	6,014	4,706	5,851
V. South-Western	14,426	14,165	14,390	8,738	7,142	7,593
VI. West Midland	21,566	21,472	21,528	13,152	10,619	11,434
VII. North Midland	10,862	11,155	11,072	6,908	5,332	6,511
VIII. North-Western	26,679	27,984	27,233	18,700	15,302	17,289
IX. Yorkshire	18,837	18,847	18,631	12,781	10,228	10,897
X. Northern	11,200	11,031	10,978	6,820	5,470	6,105
XI. Monmthsh. & Wales	11,120	11,254	10,700	6,042	5,564	5,693

REMARKS ON THE WEATHER

DURING THE QUARTER ENDING 30TH SEPTEMBER, 1863.

By JAMES GLAISHER, ESQ., F.R.S., &c., *Sec. of the British Meteorological Society.*

From July 1st to 15th, excepting two days, the temperature of the air was in excess of the average to the amount of $2^{\circ}\frac{1}{4}$. A cold period followed, which continued till the 1st August, during which the average daily deficiency amounted to $3^{\circ}\frac{3}{4}$, and was then followed by a warm period extending till the 16th August, the excess of temperature amounting to $3^{\circ}\frac{1}{2}$. On 19th July the temperature fell to 32° in the air, and to much lower on the ground at most places north of London.

A generally cold period extended from the 17th August to the end of September, a period of 45 days, during which the daily deficiency amounted to $2^{\circ}\frac{1}{4}$.

The mean temperature of July was $60^{\circ}\cdot 8$, being higher than in 1862, when it was $59^{\circ}\cdot 1$, and lower than in 1861, when it was $60^{\circ}\cdot 9$.

The mean temperature of August was $61^{\circ}\cdot 9$, being higher than any August since 1858, excepting the years 1859 and 1861, which were $63^{\circ}\cdot 5$ and $63^{\circ}\cdot 2$ respectively.

The mean temperature of September was $53^{\circ}\cdot 7$, being lower than any September as far back as 1841, with the exception of 1845, when it was $53^{\circ}\cdot 6$, and 1860, when it was $53^{\circ}\cdot 4$.

The mean high day temperature in July was in excess to the amount of $\frac{3}{4}^{\circ}$, and in August to the amount of 1° ; in September it was 4° in defect.

The mean low night temperature in July was $3^{\circ}\frac{3}{4}$ in defect; in August was $\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ in excess; and in September was 3° in defect.

Therefore the days were warm in July and August, and the nights also in August; in September both the days and nights were cold.

The mean temperature of the air in July was $\frac{3}{4}^{\circ}$ in defect; in August $\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ in excess; and in September $3^{\circ}\frac{1}{4}$ in defect.

The mean temperature of the dew point was in defect in each month of the quarter, to the amount of 2° in July, $\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ in August, and $4^{\circ}\frac{1}{4}$ in September.

The degree of humidity was also in defect during the quarter.

The pressure of the atmosphere was $0\cdot 17$ inch in excess in July; and in defect in August and September to the respective amounts of $0\cdot 05$ inch and $0\cdot 13$ inch.

The fall of rain was $0\cdot 9$ inch in July, $1\cdot 8$ inch in August, and $3\cdot 2$ inches in September; the total fall for the quarter was $5\cdot 9$ inches, being $1\cdot 6$ inch below the average of the preceding 47 years.

The mean temperature of the air at Greenwich in the three months ending August, constituting the three summer months, was $60^{\circ}\cdot 3$, being $0^{\circ}\cdot 2$ above the average of the preceding 92 years.

1863. Months.		Temperature of										Elastic Force of Vapour.		Weight of Vapour in a Cubic Foot of Air.	
		Air.			Evaporation.		Dew Point.		Air— Daily Range.		Water of the Thames				
		Mean.	Diff. from Aver- age of 92 Years.	Diff. from Aver- age of 22 Years.	Mean.	Diff. from Aver- age of 22 Years.	Mean.	Diff. from Aver- age of 22 Years.	Mean.	Diff. from Aver- age of 22 Years.		Mean.	Diff. from Aver- age of 22 Years.	Mean.	Diff. from Aver- age of 22 Years.
July	60·8	0	-0·6	-0·7	55·9	-1·5	51·7	-2·1	24·9	+4·4	66·1	In. ·384	-·032	4·3	-0·3
Aug.	61·9	0	+1·2	+0·6	57·4	-0·2	53·6	-0·5	20·1	+0·6	65·5	·412	-·010	4·5	-0·2
Sept.	53·7	0	-2·7	-3·3	50·2	-3·7	46·8	-4·3	17·7	-0·8	61·7	·321	-·061	3·6	-0·6
Mean.....	58·8	0	-0·7	-1·1	54·5	-1·8	50·7	-2·3	20·9	+1·4	64·4	·372	-·034	4·1	-0·4

1863. Months.		Degree of Humidity.		Reading of Barometer.		Weight of a Cubic Foot of Air.		Rain.		Daily Horizontal Move- ment of the Air.	Reading of Thermometer on Grass.				
		Mean.	Diff. from Aver- age of 22 Years.	Mean.	Diff. from Aver- age of 22 Years.	Mean.	Diff. from Aver- age of 22 Years.	Amnt.	Diff. from Aver- age of 47 Years.		Number of Nights it was			Low- est Read- ing at Night.	Hight- est Read- ing at Night.
											At or below 30°.	Be- tween 30° and 40°.	Above 40°.		
July	72	- 4	In. 29·961	In. +167	Gr. 532	+ 4	0·9	In. -1·8	Miles. 147	1	8	22	28·4	53·2	
Aug.	74	- 3	29·744	-047	527	- 2	1·8	-0·6	248	0	1	30	37·2	57·5	
Sept.	77	- 4	29·693	-132	535	+ 1	3·2	+0·8	259	3	17	10	27·7	50·2	
Mean.....	74	- 4	29·799	-004	531	+ 1	Sum 5·9	Sum -1·6	Mean 219	Sum 4	Sum 26	Sum 62	Lowest 27·7	Highest 57·5	

Note.—In reading this table it will be borne in mind that the sign (—) minus signifies below the average, and that the sign (+) plus signifies above the average.

Thunder storms occurred or thunder was heard and lightning seen on July 2nd at Scarborough and Harrogate; on the 7th at Bradford, Stonyhurst, Scarborough, Otley, Thelwall, and at Eccles; on the 8th at Leeds; on the 21st at Bradford; on the 23rd at Bywell; and on the 24th at Norwich. On 1st August at Guernsey and Little Bridy; on the 2nd at Wisbeach; on the 3rd at Stonyhurst and Scarborough; on the 14th at St. Leonards and Exeter; on the 15th at Truro, St. Leonards, Exeter, and High Street, Exeter; on the 17th at Oxford; on the 19th at St. John's College, Aldershot, Great Berkhamstead, and Cardington; on the 24th at Guildhall; on the 25th at Truro, Little Bridy, Downside College, Battersea, Oxford, Great Berkhamstead, Royston, Cardington, Bradford, Grant-ham, Wakefield, York, Otley, Bywell, and Wisbeach; on the 27th at St. Leonards, Exeter, Liverpool, York, Harrogate, and Eccles; on the 28th at St. John's College, Camden Town, Harrogate, and St. Paul's Parsonage; on the 30th at Little Bridy; and on the 31st at Castleton, Wakefield, Stonyhurst, York, Thelwall, Harrogate, St. Paul's Parsonage, North Shields, and Wisbeach.

ENGLAND :—*Meteorological Table, Quarter ended 30th Sept., 1863.*

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
NAMES OF STATIONS.	Mean Pressure of Dry Air reduced to the Level of the Sea.	Highest Reading of the Thermo- meter.	Lowest Reading of the Thermo- meter.	Range of Tem- perature in the Quarter.	Mean Monthly Range of Tem- perature.	Mean Daily Range of Tem- perature.	Mean Tem- perature of the Air.	Mean Degree of Hu- midity.
	in.	°	°	°	°	°	°	
Guernsey	29·612	74·5	47·0	27·5	21·2	9·8	53·7	83
Exeter	29·633	84·2	40·3	43·9	33·5	15·5	49·3	72
Ventnor	29·668	74·0	45·0	29·0	22·3	9·2	52·8	75
Barnstaple	29·677	86·0	37·5	48·5	35·9	15·9	51·6	78
Royal Observatory	29·592	86·0	35·0	51·0	41·0	20·9	50·7	74
Royston	29·621	86·6	36·8	49·8	38·6	21·0	48·6	72
Lampeter	29·569	83·0	—	—	—	—	51·9	85
Norwich	29·558	80·0	41·0	39·0	32·0	16·2	51·1	78
Diss (Norfolk) ...	—	85·0	38·0	47·0	39·2	20·1	49·5	71
Liverpool	29·591	74·9	43·3	31·6	21·7	9·9	49·7	77
Wakefield	29·514	85·2	34·5	40·7	41·7	19·5	51·8	84
York	29·499	78·8	38·6	40·2	32·8	14·9	50·0	82
Stonyhurst	29·552	82·0	40·5	41·5	32·5	18·0	50·5	82
North Shields	29·568	75·0	40·0	35·0	30·3	12·5	46·2	79
Alnwick	29·481	79·0	38·0	41·0	34·0	17·7	47·5	80

10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
NAMES OF STATIONS.	WIND.					Mean Amount of Cloud.	RAIN.	
	Mean estimated Strength.	Relative Proportion of					Number of Days on which it fell.	Amount collected.
		N.	E.	S.	W.			
Guernsey	1·5	8	4	8	10	3·5	34	in. 10·4
Exeter	0·8	6	5	9	10	4·8	49	6·9
Ventnor	—	2	7	9	13	—	34	6·4
Barnstaple	1·2	6	3	11	11	4·1	45	10·8
Royal Observatory	—	4	3	10	14	6·3	30	5·9
Royston	—	5	2	7	16	5·8	40	4·7
Lampeter	1·6	7	2	8	10	6·9	42	18·0
Norwich	—	4	4	11	12	—	—	—
Diss (Norfolk) ...	—	4	3	13	10	5·3	24	3·7
Liverpool	0·2	8	2	8	14	—	52	9·2
Wakefield	1·7	—	—	—	—	5·8	47	7·7
York	0·7	6	4	6	15	7·9	39	15·7
Stonyhurst	—	3	5	7	15	—	—	7·6
North Shields	1·9	8	4	6	13	6·5	46	5·6
Alnwick	1·7	5	9	2	15	7·0	46	6·1

No. II.—SCOTLAND.**MARRIAGES, BIRTHS, AND DEATHS IN THE QUARTER****ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER, 1863.**

This Return comprises the number of BIRTHS, DEATHS, and MARRIAGES entered on the registers of the 1,009 districts into which Scotland is divided for the purposes of registration during the quarter ending 30th September, 1863. From the returns received, it would appear that the births, but especially the deaths, had been much above the average of the corresponding quarter of the eight previous years, while the marriages had been the exact average.

BIRTHS.—26,594 births were registered in Scotland during the quarter ending 30th September, being in the annual proportion of 343 births in every 10,000 persons of the estimated population, or 1 birth to every 29 persons. This is a very high rate, and considerably above the average birth-rate of the corresponding quarter of the eight previous years, which was in the proportion of 332 births in every 10,000 persons of the population.

Of the 26,594 children whose births were registered during the quarter, 13,680 were males, and 12,914 females, being in the high proportion of 106 males for every 100 females.

The usual difference between the proportion of births in the town and country districts was observed during the quarter. Thus, in the 126 town districts (which embrace almost all the towns with populations of 2,000 and upwards), 15,087 births were registered, while in the 883 country districts (embracing the remainder of the population of Scotland), 11,507 births occurred; thus indicating an annual proportion of 368 births in every 10,000 persons in the town districts, but only 315 births in a like population in the country districts.

Of the 26,594 births, 23,945 were legitimate, and 2,649 illegitimate, being in the proportion of 9·9 per cent., or 1 birth in every 10 illegitimate. As usual, the proportion of illegitimate births was highest in the country districts; for while only 9·8 per cent. of the births were illegitimate in the town districts, 10·1 per cent. were illegitimate in the country districts. As usual, also, the northern and north-western divisions of Scotland furnished the smallest proportion of illegitimate births; the north-eastern and southern divisions the highest; for, while the former only yielded respectively 4·7 and 5·4 per cent. of the births as illegitimate, the illegitimate births constituted 15·2 and 14·4 per cent. of the births in the latter.

DEATHS.—16,354 deaths were registered in Scotland during the third quarter of 1863, being a larger number than any registered during the third quarter of the eight previous years. The mean death-rate of the corresponding quarter of the eight previous years was 181 deaths in every 10,000 persons, but 211 deaths in a like population during the third quarter of this year; so that the mortality during the quarter has been excessively high.

As usual, the deaths in the town districts were much more numerous in proportion to the population than those in the country districts. Thus, in the 126 town districts, 10,254 deaths were registered; but only 6,100 deaths in the country districts; thus indicating an annual proportion of 250 deaths in every 10,000 persons in the town districts, but only 167 deaths in a like population in the country districts.

Of the deaths, 5,665 occurred during July, 5,541 in August, and 5,148 in September; so that the daily deaths in Scotland amounted to 183 during July, 179 during August, and 171 during September.

INCREASE OF THE POPULATION.—As the births numbered 26,594, and the deaths 16,354, the natural increase of the population, by the excess of births over deaths, amounted to 10,240 persons during the quarter. From that number, how

ever, have to be deducted the number of persons who emigrated during the quarter. From a return furnished to the Registrar-General by the Emigration Commissioners, it appears that 58,320 persons emigrated from the ports of Great Britain and Ireland during the third quarter of the year. Of these 5,022 were ascertained to have been of Scottish origin; but to that number 636 must be added as the proportion of persons whose origin was not ascertained. The total number of Scottish emigrants would thus amount to 5,658 persons; which, deducted from the excess of births over deaths, would only leave 4,582 persons as the increase of the population during the quarter.

MARRIAGES.—4,889 marriages were registered in Scotland during the quarter, being in the annual proportion of 62 marriages in every 10,000 persons of the estimated population, or the exact average of the corresponding quarters of the eight previous years. This fact speaks well for the general prosperity of the country, especially as the previous or second quarter had a higher proportion than usual of marriages, which might have led us rather to expect a proportional diminution during the third quarter.

Like the births and deaths, the proportion of marriages was much higher in the town than in the country districts. Thus, in the 126 town districts 3,315 marriages were contracted during the quarter, but only 1,574 marriages in the 881 country districts, being in the proportion of 81 marriages in every 10,000 persons of the population in the town districts, but only 43 marriages in a like population in the country districts.

Of the marriages, 2,170 were contracted in July, 1,526 in August, and 1,193 in September.

HEALTH OF THE POPULATION.—The population has been very unhealthy during the quarter, and the mortality has been high above the mean of the corresponding quarters of the eight previous years. Small-pox has prevailed as an epidemic to a greater or lesser extent over every part of Scotland, and the number of deaths caused by it has been very great. It is to be hoped that the people are taking the full benefit of the recent Vaccination Act, seeing that it has been clearly proved that most of the victims of small-pox are those who have never been vaccinated, while it mutilates the countenance of those who escape death, besides frequently producing blindness and other diseases. The registrar of Walls, in Shetland, mentions a case which ought to act as a warning to those who neglect vaccination, and in especial to the parish of which he is registrar, viz., that in a former epidemic almost the whole inhabitants of Foula were swept off by small-pox. They neglected vaccination then, they neglect it still; for in Walls it is calculated that at least 1,000 persons are unvaccinated, and hardly one in Foula.

Scarlatina and measles have been rather more prevalent than usual, and have largely increased the mortality. Diphtheria is steadily increasing, and seems to have been more prevalent and fatal in the northern than in the southern half of Scotland. Continued fever in its varied forms has been rather more common than usual in certain localities, but does not appear to have assumed the epidemic type. There is no mention of any considerable increase of deaths from the usual autumnal bowel complaints, the mean temperature never having risen so high as to render these complaints more than usually prevalent or fatal. One or two deaths occur every year from the bites of the adder (or viper), the only poisonous snake in Scotland. A child fell a victim to poison of that snake at Kirkcowan, in Wigtownshire.

WEATHER.—Excepting during July, the weather during the quarter has been much colder and more rainy than usual; there has been a complete absence of the usual amount of autumnal heat, and the whole meteorological agencies have been most adverse to health. Though one very warm week occurred during July, and though, from the sky being more free from clouds, there were 52 hours more sunshine than usual during the month, yet the mean temperature of the month was 0°·5 below the average of former years. This result was produced by the much greater coldness of the nights, which the greater heat during the day could not counteract, so that a much greater daily range of temperature occurred than usual, viz., to the extent of 16°·8, an agent most prejudicial to health. This circumstance at once accounts for the very high death-rate during July.

SCOTLAND:—MARRIAGES, BIRTHS, and DEATHS *Registered in the Quarter ended 30th September, 1863.*

1	2	3	4	5	6
DIVISIONS. (Scotland)	AREA in Statute Acres.	POPULATION, 1861. (Persons.)	Marriages.	Births.	Deaths.
		No.	No.	No.	No.
SCOTLAND.....Totals	19,639,377	3,062,294	4,889	26,594	16,354
I. Northern	2,261,622	130,422	99	899	410
II. North-Western	4,739,876	167,329	101	1,121	630
III. North-Eastern	2,429,594	366,783	504	3,293	1,592
IV. East Midland	2,790,492	523,822	717	4,267	2,593
V. West Midland	2,693,176	242,507	329	1,978	1,237
VI. South-Western	1,462,397	1,008,253	2,112	9,729	6,700
VII. South-Eastern	1,192,524	408,962	778	3,698	2,157
VIII. Southern	2,069,696	214,216	249	1,609	1,035

No. III.—GREAT BRITAIN.

SUMMARY of MARRIAGES, *in the Quarter ended 30th June, 1863; and*
BIRTHS and DEATHS, *in the Quarter ended 30th September, 1863.*

COUNTRIES.	AREA in Statute Acres.	POPULATION, 1861. (Persons.)	Marriages.	Births.	Deaths.
		No.	No.	No.	No.
England and Wales.....	37,324,883	20,066,224	44,058	173,125	112,384
Scotland	19,639,377	3,062,294	5,557	26,594	16,354
GREAT BRITAIN.....	56,964,260	23,128,518	49,615	199,719	128,738

Trade of United Kingdom, 1863-62-61.—*Distribution of Exports from United Kingdom, according to the Declared Real Value of the Exports; and the Computed Real Value (Ex-duty) of Imports at Port of Entry, and therefore including Freight and Importer's Profit.*

Merchandise (<i>excluding Gold and Silver</i>), Imported from, and Exported to, the following Foreign Countries, &c. [000's omitted.]	First Six Months.					
	1863.		1862.		1861.	
	Imports from	Exports to	Imports from	Exports to	Imports from	Exports to
I.—FOREIGN COUNTRIES:	£	£	£	£	£	£
Northern Europe; viz., Russia, Sweden, Norway, Denmark & Iceland, & Heligoland	5,146,	1,770,	4,773,	1,673,	4,718,	2,137,
Central Europe; viz., Prussia, Germany, the Hanse Towns, Holland, and Belgium	11,544,	9,164,	10,231,	9,475,	10,809,	9,795,
Western Europe; viz., France, Portugal (with Azores, Madeira, &c.), and Spain (with Gibraltar and Canaries)	14,564,	7,589,	12,667,	7,152,	12,676,	6,240,
Southern Europe; viz., Italy, Austrian Empire, Greece, Ionian Islands, and Malta	1,914,	3,566,	2,121,	3,229,	3,232,	3,785,
Levant; viz., Turkey, with Wallachia and Moldavia, Syria and Palestine, and Egypt	10,249,	4,538,	7,452,	2,787,	6,452,	2,704,
Northern Africa; viz., Tripoli, Tunis, Algeria, and Morocco	197,	51,	206,	101,	204,	99,
Western Africa	561,	345,	648,	474,	419,	423,
Eastern Africa; with African Ports on Red Sea, Aden, Arabia, Persia, Bourbon, and Kooria Moorria Islands	26,	28,	—	51,	—	23,
Indian Seas, Siam, Sumatra, Java, Philippines; other Islands	843,	424,	671,	750,	570,	1,074,
South Sea Islands	19,	83,	—	—	—	27,
China, including Hong Kong	8,496,	1,858,	7,136,	1,883,	5,642,	3,204,
United States of America	9,519,	7,004,	11,221,	6,450,	32,012,	5,434,
Mexico and Central America	769,	1,058,	461,	271,	271,	452,
Foreign West Indies and Hayti	2,444,	1,281,	1,865,	1,287,	1,728,	1,037,
South America (Northern), New Granada, Venezuela, and Ecuador	370,	784,	492,	448,	322,	730,
„ (Pacific), Peru, Bolivia, Chili, and Patagonia	3,086,	1,155,	2,604,	814,	2,482,	1,308,
„ (Atlantic) Brazil, Uruguay, and Buenos Ayres	3,173,	2,475,	2,629,	2,530,	1,455,	3,505,
Whale Fisheries; Grnld., Davis' Straits, Southn. Whale Fishery, & Falkland Islands	12,	6,	14,	9,	5,	3,
<i>Total.—Foreign Countries</i>	72,932,	43,179,	65,191,	39,384,	82,997,	41,980,
II.—BRITISH POSSESSIONS:						
British India, Ceylon, and Singapore	16,461,	8,416,	10,314,	7,909,	7,722,	8,628,
Austral. Cols.—New South Wales and Victoria	2,285,	3,928,	2,451,	3,967,	2,462,	3,767,
„ „ So. Aus., W. Aus., Tasm., and N. Zea.	1,128,	1,510,	764,	1,159,	799,	1,070,
British North America	923,	1,839,	1,539,	1,475,	1,050,	1,698,
„ W. Indies with Btsh. Guiana & Honduras	3,550,	1,709,	3,318,	1,629,	2,577,	1,249,
Cape and Natal	835,	662,	592,	949,	494,	971,
Brt. W. Co. of Af., Ascension and St. Helena	57,	175,	61,	207,	84,	165,
Mauritius	1,250,	215,	809,	256,	1,567,	289,
Channel Islands	300,	381,	345,	380,	327,	326,
<i>Total.—British Possessions</i>	26,789,	18,835,	20,193,	17,931,	16,082,	18,163,
<i>General Total</i>£	99,721,	62,014,	85,384,	57,315,	99,079,	60,143,

IMPORTS. — (United Kingdom.) — First Eight Months (*January — August*), 1863-62-61-60-59.—*Computed Real Value (Ex-duty), at Port of Entry (and therefore including Freight and Importer's Profit), of Articles of Foreign and Colonial Merchandise Imported into the United Kingdom.*

(First Eight Months.) [000's omitted.] FOREIGN ARTICLES IMPORTED.		1863.	1862.	1861.	1860.	1859.
		£	£	£	£	£
RAW MATLS.— <i>Textile.</i>	Cotton Wool	26,862,	11,655,	30,809,	28,941,	24,039,
	Wool (Sheep's) ..	7,921,	7,333,	6,455,	7,797,	6,981,
	Silk	9,502,	9,764,	5,428,	6,243,	6,965,
	Flax	2,262,	2,664,	1,474,	2,256,	2,145,
	Hemp	1,796,	1,336,	909,	835,	1,372,
	Indigo	1,926,	2,151,	1,993,	1,893,	1,602,
		50,269,	34,903,	47,068,	47,965,	43,104,
	„ „ <i>Various.</i> Hides	1,868,	1,681,	1,404,	2,085,	1,884,
	Oils	2,512,	2,164,	1,937,	2,259,	1,917,
	Metals	2,345,	2,807,	2,106,	2,460,	2,215,
„ „ <i>Agretil.</i>	Tallow	853,	995,	1,174,	1,586,	1,150,
	Timber.....	5,669,	4,908,	5,214,	4,513,	3,826,
		13,247,	12,555,	11,835,	12,903,	10,992,
	Guano	2,022,	518,	1,395,	923,	1,545,
	Seeds	1,880,	1,413,	1,679,	1,850,	615,
		3,902,	1,931,	3,074,	2,773,	2,160,
TROPICAL, & C., PRODUCE.	Tea	6,670,	5,652,	4,219,	5,081,	3,741,
	Coffee	2,557,	2,379,	1,491,	1,428,	1,078,
	Sugar & Molasses	9,707,	8,892,	9,487,	9,005,	8,189,
	Tobacco	1,059,	673,	713,	463,	420,
	Rice	772,	1,266,	1,024,	473,	284,
	Fruits	153,	185,	354,	320,	167,
	Wine	2,874,	2,468,	2,829,	3,096,	1,582,
	Spirits	1,207,	1,078,	1,084,	1,420,	1,279,
		24,999,	22,593,	21,201,	21,286,	16,740,
FOOD	Grain and Meal..	17,605,	23,233,	24,693,	15,819,	12,118,
	Provisions	5,230,	5,090,	4,404,	3,693,	2,044,
		22,835,	28,323,	29,097,	19,512,	14,162,
Remainder of Enumerated Articles		2,806,	2,379,	2,312,	2,455,	2,134,
TOTAL ENUMERATED IMPORTS....		118,058,	102,684,	114,588,	106,894,	89,292,
Add for UNENUMERATED IMPORTS (say)		29,514,	25,671,	28,647,	26,723,	22,323,
TOTAL IMPORTS		147,572,	128,355,	143,235,	133,617,	111,615,

EXPORTS. — (United Kingdom.)—First Nine Months (January—September), 1863-62-61-60-59.—Declared Real Value, at Port of Shipment, of Articles of BRITISH and IRISH Produce and Manufactures Exported from United Kingdom.

(First Nine Months.) [000's omitted.] BRITISH PRODUCE, &c., EXPORTED.		1863.	1862.	1861.	1860.	1859.
		£	£	£	£	£
MANFRS.—Textile.	Cotton Manufactures..	27,192,	24,769,	28,683,	30,947,	28,957,
	„ Yarn.....	5,463,	5,297,	7,137,	7,378,	6,889,
	Woollen Manufactures	10,973,	9,698,	8,009,	9,463,	9,251,
	„ Yarn.....	3,702,	2,753,	2,656,	2,893,	2,008,
	Silk Manufactures ...	1,503,	1,547,	1,593,	1,617,	1,627,
	„ Yarn.....	215,	254,	214,	205,	157,
	Linen Manufactures....	4,555,	3,666,	2,942,	3,466,	3,456,
	„ Yarn.....	1,775,	1,353,	1,127,	3,169,	1,176,
		55,378,	49,337,	52,361,	57,328,	53,601,
	„ Sewed. Apparel	1,935,	1,609,	1,462,	1,528,	1,540,
	Haberd. and Millnry.	3,131,	2,689,	2,630,	3,113,	3,332,
		5,066,	4,298,	4,092,	4,641,	4,872,
METALS	Hardware.....	2,669,	2,391,	2,496,	2,768,	2,835,
	Machinery	3,031,	2,951,	2,120,	2,644,	2,739,
	Iron	9,676,	8,364,	7,909,	9,229,	9,813,
	Copper and Brass.....	3,072,	2,141,	1,743,	2,283,	1,927,
	Lead and Tin	2,138,	2,130,	1,359,	2,006,	2,045,
	Coals and Culm	2,768,	2,892,	2,745,	2,534,	2,582,
		23,354,	20,869,	19,372,	21,465,	21,941,
Ceramic Manufcts.	Earthenware and Glass	1,537,	1,359,	1,292,	1,595,	1,438,
Indigenous Mnfrs.	Beer and Ale	1,285,	1,124,	1,105,	1,571,	1,637,
	Butter	362,	262,	379,	465,	512,
	Cheese	106,	87,	95,	82,	94,
	Candles	156,	169,	215,	184,	136,
	Salt	235,	248,	297,	277,	200,
	Spirits	348,	368,	332,	230,	197,
	Soda	666,	682,	436,	753,	784,
		3,159,	2,940,	2,859,	3,562,	3,560,
Various Manufcts.	Books, Printed.....	323,	296,	330,	364,	343,
	Furniture.....	216,	183,	179,	166,	171,
	Leather Manufactures	1,674,	1,859,	1,545,	1,626,	1,441,
	Soap.....	193,	174,	170,	193,	158,
	Plate and Watches ...	344,	353,	331,	396,	359,
	Stationery.....	246,	199,	494,	572,	630,
		2,996,	3,064,	3,049,	3,317,	3,102,
	Remainder of Enumerated Articles	6,404,	6,181,	3,309,	2,951,	2,560,
	Unenumerated Articles	6,403,	5,624,	7,461,	6,865,	6,963,
	TOTAL EXPORTS	104,296,	93,672,	93,795,	101,724,	98,037,

SHIPPING. — FOREIGN TRADE. — (United Kingdom.) — First Nine Months
(January — September), 1863-62-61-60. — *Vessels Entered and Cleared with
Cargoes, including repeated Voyages, but excluding Government Transports.*

(First Nine Months.) ENTERED:—	1863.			1862.		1861.		1860.	
	Vessels.	Tonnage (000's omitted.)	Average Tonnage	Vessels.	Tonnage (000's omitted.)	Vessels.	Tonnage (000's omitted.)	Vessels.	Tonnage (000's omitted.)
<i>Vessels belonging to—</i>	No.	Tons.	Tons.	No.	Tons.	No.	Tons.	No.	Tons.
Russia	301	91,	303	323	95,	307	91,	305	88,
Sweden	803	126,	157	714	117,	786	129,	815	126,
Norway	2,632	577,	219	2,360	483,	2,278	477,	1,978	430,
Denmark	2,305	218,	95	1,915	184,	1,821	176,	2,200	213,
Prussia and Ger. Sts.	2,992	716,	239	2,751	669,	2,777	637,	2,861	598,
Holland and Belgium	1,320	188,	143	1,279	177,	1,184	162,	1,231	170,
France	1,982	162,	82	1,415	118,	1,344	107,	1,377	115,
Spain and Portugal	284	87,	307	295	87,	354	84,	299	80,
Italy & other Eupn. Sts.	703	200,	285	611	172,	724	198,	732	206,
United States	563	566,	1,005	975	848,	1,572	1,342,	1,020	991,
All other States	11	3,	273	77	21,	10	3,	12	3,
United Kingdm. & } Depds.	13,896	2,936,	211	12,715	2,973,	13,157	3,406,	12,830	3,020,
	17,139	5,209,	304	15,840	4,700,	15,491	4,681,	14,596	4,206,
<i>Totals Entered</i>	31,035	8,145,	262	28,555	7,673,	28,648	8,087,	27,426	7,226,
 CLEARED:—									
Russia	291	86,	297	308	91,	304	89,	284	83,
Sweden	789	121,	154	712	116,	799	132,	828	129,
Norway	1,451	252,	174	1,535	262,	1,519	247,	1,256	228,
Denmark	2,600	247,	95	2,347	225,	2,377	232,	2,613	251,
Prussia and Ger. Sts.	4,179	829,	198	4,122	792,	3,832	707,	3,651	666
Holland and Belgium	1,438	220,	153	1,743	257,	1,505	213,	1,493	237,
France	3,438	326,	95	3,768	363,	3,957	372,	2,858	303,
Spain and Portugal	290	94,	326	300	93,	317	84,	271	72,
Italy & other Eupn. Sts.	713	214,	300	622	80,	834	233,	806	232,
United States	515	531,	1,031	897	795,	1,225	1,071,	1,150	1,091,
All other States	19	6,	316	111	31,	20	6,	12	4,
United Kingdm. & } Depds.	15,723	2,926,	186	16,465	3,205,	16,689	3,386,	15,222	3,296,
	21,707	6,083,	280	21,434	5,759,	20,730	5,252,	18,732	4,960,
<i>Totals Cleared</i>	37,430	9,009,	241	37,899	8,964,	37,419	8,638,	33,954	8,256,

SHIPPING CASUALTIES *Reported in Lloyd's "REGISTER OF LOSSES," during*
(Casualties to Foreign Coasters, or to

Note.—This information, in a different form, was originally published, at intervals, in "Lloyd's

	Wrecked.				Sunk.			Abandoned.			Missing.
	Totally.	Part Cargo Saved.	Whole, or nearly so, of Cargo Saved.	Total.	Lost.	Raised.	Total.	Lost.	Recovered.	Total.	
July—											
1854.....	31	2	—	33	13	—	13	7	7	14	1
'55.....	19	6	7	32	11	2	13	5	2	7	3
'56.....	35	7	7	49	12	—	12	4	4	8	4
'57.....	23	7	3	33	16	3	19	2	1	3	—
'58.....	39	8	1	48	28	4	32	9	1	10	2
'59.....	27	7	3	37	13	2	15	6	3	9	3
Average of } Six Years }	29·0	6·17	3·5	38·67	15·5	1·83	17·33	5·5	3·0	8·5	2·17
August—											
1854.....	25	4	1	30	13	1	14	7	6	13	3
'55.....	43	8	1	52	23	3	26	9	6	15	1
'56.....	28	12	2	42	17	3	20	8	3	11	3
'57.....	25	10	5	40	36	3	39	7	6	13	1
'58.....	32	8	3	43	22	2	24	13	3	16	2
'59.....	33	11	4	48	31	3	34	8	1	9	1
Average of } Six Years }	31·0	8·83	2·67	42·5	23·67	2·5	26·17	8·67	4·17	12·83	1·83
September—											
1854.....	23	3	1	27	16	2	18	12	2	14	2
'55.....	44	3	3	50	18	2	20	7	2	9	1
'56.....	35	7	5	47	29	7	36	6	4	10	—
'57.....	42	11	7	60	35	2	37	7	3	10	1
'58.....	30	5	5	40	21	—	21	7	1	8	3
'59.....	43	11	2	56	29	4	33	11	3	14	1
Average of } Six Years }	36·17	6·67	3·83	46·67	24·67	2·83	27·5	8·33	2·5	10·83	1·33
September Quarter—											
1854.....	79	9	2	90	42	3	45	26	1	41	6
'55.....	106	17	11	134	52	7	59	21	1	31	5
'56.....	98	26	14	138	58	10	68	18	11	29	7
'57.....	90	28	15	133	87	8	95	16	10	26	2
'58.....	101	21	9	131	71	6	77	29	5	34	7
'59.....	103	29	9	141	73	9	82	25	7	32	5
Average of } Six Years }	96·17	21·67	10·0	127·83	63·83	7·17	71·0	22·5	9·67	32·17	5·33

* The majority of these may

*the Months of JULY, AUGUST, and SEPTEMBER, from 1854 to 1859 inclusive.
Vessels Unidentified, are not included.)*

List," but is now collated and tabulated by HENRY JEULA, Esq., Member of Lloyd's, F.S.S.

Stranded.				Condemned.			Touched the Ground, sustaining Trifling Damage.	Total.	
Subsequent Fate not Reported.*	Got Off.	Got Off with Loss of part Cargo.	Total.	After Striking, &c.	From other Causes.	Total.			
21	47	2	70	3	3	6	2	139	July—
12	67	4	83	4	3	7	1	146	1854
52	74	2	128	3	3	6	1	208	'55
21	69	6	96	6	4	10	—	161	'56
31	77	7	115	1	8	9	—	216	'57
22	58	6	86	1	2	3	—	153	'58
26·5	65·33	4·5	96·33	3·0	3·83	6·83	·67	170·5	'59
{ Average of Six Years									
18	55	4	77	—	2	2	1	140	August—
28	49	4	81	1	2	3	1	179	1854
20	75	8	103	—	2	2	—	181	'55
31	82	7	120	3	4	7	—	220	'56
22	57	—	79	2	5	7	—	171	'57
18	69	10	97	4	8	12	—	201	'58
22·83	64·5	5·5	92·83	1·67	3·83	5·5	·33	182·0	'59
{ Average of Six Years									
23	71	2	96	1	3	4	—	161	September
19	77	10	106	—	1	1	—	187	1854
54	102	3	159	2	4	6	—	258	'55
47	89	4	140	3	3	6	—	254	'56
28	111	6	145	2	2	4	3	224	'57
27	104	5	136	4	4	8	—	248	'58
33·0	92·33	5·0	130·33	2·0	2·83	4·83	·5	222·0	'59
{ Average of Six Years									
62	173	8	243	4	8	12	3	440	September
59	193	18	270	5	6	11	2	512	Quarter—
126	251	13	390	5	9	14	1	647	1854
99	240	17	356	12	11	23	—	635	'55
81	245	13	339	5	15	20	3	611	'56
67	231	21	319	9	14	23	—	602	'57
82·33	222·17	15·0	319·5	6·67	10·5	17·17	1·5	574·5	'58
{ Average of Six Years									'59

be considered as "*Wrecks.*"

GOLD AND SILVER BULLION AND SPECIE. — IMPORTED AND EXPORTED. — (United Kingdom.) — *Computed Real Value for the First Nine Months (January—September), 1863-62-61.*

[000's omitted.]

(First Nine Months.)	1863.		1862.		1861.	
	Gold.	Silver.	Gold.	Silver.	Gold.	Silver.
Imported from:—	£	£	£	£	£	£
Australia	4,540,	—	4,650,	—	4,889,	—
So. Amca. and W. } Indies	3,136,	5,095,	1,226,	4,606,	1,139,	4,118,
United States and } Cal.	5,149,	616,	6,836,	83,	28,	26,
	12,825,	5,711,	12,712,	4,689,	6,056,	4,144,
France	185,	690,	89,	983,	2,471,	466,
Hanse Towns, Holl. } & Belg.	309,	1,211,	402,	1,735,	703,	456,
Prtgl., Spain, and } Gbrltr.	10,	66,	23,	91,	17,	120,
Mlta., Trky., and } Egypt	114,	3,	8,	13,	42,	4,
China	—	—	—	—	—	—
West Coast of Africa	47,	3,	80,	3,	73,	2,
All other Countries...	984,	118,	1,075,	69,	559,	31,
Totals Imported	14,474,	7,802,	14,389,	7,583,	9,921,	5,223,
Exported to:—						
France	2,293,	833,	3,900,	515,	964,	908,
Hanse Towns, Holl. } & Belg.	1,023,	703,	155,	501,	14,	701,
Prtgl., Spain, and } Gbrltr.	1,574,	3,	1,872,	7,	674,	3,
	4,890,	1,539,	5,927,	1,023,	1,652,	1,612,
Ind. and China (viâ } Egypt)	1,608,	6,161,	—	6,534,	581,	5,708,
Danish West Indies...	—	—	—	—	35,	33,
United States	35,	10,	36,	1,	7,037,	48,
South Africa	—	5,	—	—	85,	—
Mauritius	—	—	—	—	—	2,
Brazil	1,234,	50,	227,	19,	18,	119,
All other Countries...	3,213,	119,	5,010,	1,024,	749,	80,
Totals Exported	10,980,	7,884,	11,201,	8,601,	10,157,	7,602,
Excess of Imports	3,493,	—	3,188,	—	—	—
„ Exports	—	82,	—	1,018,	236,	2,379,

REVENUE.—(UNITED KINGDOM.)—30TH SEPT., 1863-62-61-60.

Net Produce in YEARS and QUARTERS ended 31ST SEPT., 1863-62-61-60.

[000's omitted.]

QUARTERS, ended 30th Sept.	1863.	1862.	1863.		Corresponding Quarters.	
			Less.	More.	1861.	1860.
	£ Mlns.	£ Mlns.	£ Mlns.	£ Mlns.	£ Mlns.	£ Mlns.
Customs	5,872,	6,201,	329,	—	5,982,	5,888,
Excise	3,922,	3,604,	—	318,	4,221,	5,089,
Stamps	2,191,	2,180,	—	11,	2,013,	2,053,
Taxes	176,	166,	—	10,	160,	166,
Post Office	905,	895,	—	10,	870,	800,
Property Tax	13,066,	13,046,	329,	349,	13,246,	13,996,
	866,	974,	108,	—	994,	2,281,
Crown Lands	13,932,	14,020,	437,	349,	14,237,	16,277,
	68,	67,	—	1,	66,	65,
Miscellaneous	411,	513,	102,	—	298,	316,
<i>Totals</i>	14,411,	14,600,	539,	350,	14,601,	16,658,
			NET DECR. £189,479			

YEARS, ended 30th Sept.	1863.	1862.	1863.		Corresponding Years.	
			Less.	More.	1861.	1860.
	£ Mlns.	£ Mlns.	£ Mlns.	£ Mlns.	£ Mlns.	£ Mlns.
Customs	23,771,	23,863,	92,	—	23,488,	23,396,
Excise	16,992,	17,430,	438,	—	18,624,	20,070,
Stamps.....	9,146,	8,824,	—	322,	8,426,	8,267,
Taxes	3,193,	3,160,	—	33,	3,130,	3,257,
Post Office	3,760,	3,560,	—	200,	3,470,	3,370,
Property Tax	56,862,	56,837,	530,	555,	57,138,	58,360,
	10,605,	10,532,	—	73,	11,133,	10,310,
Crown Lands	67,467,	67,369,	530,	628,	68,271,	68,670,
	301,	296,	—	5,	292,	290,
Miscellaneous	2,725,	2,019,	—	706,	1,243,	1,850,
<i>Totals</i>	70,493,	69,684,	530,	1,339,	69,806,	70,810,
			NET INCR. £808,842			

REVENUE.—UNITED KINGDOM.—QUARTER ENDED 30TH SEPT., 1863.

An Account showing the REVENUE and other RECEIPTS of the QUARTER ended 30th September, 1863 ; the APPLICATION of the same, and the Charge of the Consolidated Fund for the said Quarter, together with the Surplus or Deficiency upon such Charge.

Received:—

Surplus Balance beyond the Charge of the <i>Consolidated Fund</i> for the Quarter ended 30th June, 1863, viz.:—	£
Great Britain	—
Ireland	£971,218
	971,218
Income received in the Quarter ended 30th September, 1863, as shown on preceding page	14,411,504
Amount raised per Act 25 and 26 Victoria, cap. 78, on account of Fortifications, &c.	450,000
Amount received in the Quarter ended 30th September, 1863, in repayment of Advances for Public Works, &c.	338,086
	£16,170,808
Balance, being the Deficiency on 30th September, 1863, upon the charge of the Consolidated Fund in Great Britain, to meet the Dividends and other charges payable in the Quarter to 31st December, 1863, and for which the Exchequer Bills (Deficiency) will be issued in that Quarter	2,273,640
	£18,444,448

Paid:—

Amount applied out of the Income for the Quarter ended 30th September, 1863, in Redemption of the Exchequer Bills (Deficiency), for the Quarter ended 30th June, 1863	£
	1,076,065
Amount applied out of the Income to <i>Supply Services</i> in the Quarter ended 30th September, 1863	9,466,121
Charge of the <i>Consolidated Fund</i> for the Quarter ended 30th September, 1863, viz.:—	
Interest of the Permanent Debt	£5,499,166
Terminable Debt	729,572
Interest of Exchequer Bills	84,601
„ Deficiency „	—
The Civil List	101,307
Other Charges on Consolidated Fund	676,842
Advances for Public Works, &c.	63,378
Sinking Fund	289,816
	7,444,682
<i>Surplus Balance</i> in Ireland beyond the Charge of the Consolidated Fund in Ireland for the Quarter ended 30th September, 1863	457,580
	£18,444,448

CORN.—Gazette Average Prices (ENGLAND AND WALES), Third Quarter of 1863.

[This Table is communicated by H. F. JADIS, Esq., Comptroller of Corn Returns.]

Weeks ended on a Saturday 1863.		Weekly Average. (Per Impl. Quarter.)					
		Wheat.	Barley.	Oats.	Rye.	Beans.	Peas.
		s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
July	4	46 11	30 9	23 11	32 11	39 6	38 -
"	11	46 10	30 10	23 6	34 5	40 2	39 -
"	18	46 7	28 10	22 6	32 9	40 -	37 1
"	25	45 11	29 10	22 9	32 8	39 3	35 11
<i>Average for July</i>		46 6	30 -	23 2	33 2	39 8	37 10
August	1	45 11	31 -	23 -	37 11	39 11	36 3
"	8	46 3	31 6	23 -	31 6	38 8	34 9
"	15	45 11	31 4	23 7	36 4	40 7	35 7
"	22	46 5	31 1	23 -	33 2	40 4	34 9
"	29	45 9	33 10	22 8	33 9	39 6	35 9
<i>Average for August</i> ..		46 -	31 9	23 -	34 6	39 9	35 5
Sept.	5	44 2	34 8	22 -	32 11	38 10	37 2
"	12	44 1	34 7	21 8	31 -	39 10	36 10
"	19	44 9	35 2	20 9	32 7	39 -	36 9
"	26	43 9	35 9	20 2	32 1	38 11	37 5
<i>Average for September</i> ..		44 2	35 -	21 1	32 1	39 1	36 9
<i>Average for the Quarter</i> ..		45 7	32 2	22 6	33 4	39 6	36 5

RAILWAYS.—PRICES, July—Sept.;—and TRAFFIC, Jan.—Sept., 1863.

Total Capital Ex- pended Mlms.	Railway.	For the (£100). Price on			Miles Open.		Total Traffic first 39 Weeks. (unit 000's omitted.)		Traffic pr. Mile pr. Wk. 39 Weeks.		Dividends per Cent. for Half Years.		
		2nd Sept.	1st Aug.	2nd July.	'63.	'62.	'63.	'62.	'63.	'62.	30 Jun. '63.	31 Dec. '62.	30 Jun. '62.
					No.	No.	£	£	£	£	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
£													
48,0	Lond. & N. Westn.	101	102 ³ / ₈	102 ³ / ₈	1,204	1,165	3,654	3,510	77	67	42 6	55 -	37 6
41.6	Great Western	67 ¹ / ₂	67 ¹ / ₂	65 ¹ / ₂	1,056	1,035	2,299	2,273	58	58	20 -	30 -	5 -
14.9	" Northern	125	128	128 ¹ / ₂	351	351	1,097	1,075	85	81	42 6	85 -	45 -
20.2	" Eastern	50 ¹ / ₈	53 ¹ / ₈	53	663	644	1,130	1,096	45	44	12 6	25 -	20 -
10.7	Brighton	114	117 ¹ / ₂	119	261	341	745	751	71	79	50 -	70 -	50 -
14.7	South-Eastern	93 ¹ / ₂	92 ³ / ₈	91 ¹ / ₂	306	306	886	888	67	68	45 -	60 -	42 6
14.3	" Western	102 ¹ / ₂	106 ¹ / ₂	106	450	400	869	796	45	47	45 -	60 -	40 -
164.4		93 ¹ / ₂	95 ¹ / ₂	95 ¹ / ₂	4,292	4,142	10,680	10,389	64	63	36 9	55 -	34 3
22.4	Midland	127	129	129	641	614	1,607	1,531	65	50	57 6	65 -	55 -
19.6	Lancsh. and York.	113 ³ / ₈	114 ³ / ₈	112 ³ / ₈	395	395	1,358	1,281	86	82	42 6	40 -	37 6
12.3	Sheffield and Man	43 ¹ / ₂	45	46 ¹ / ₂	239	239	590	544	64	58	-	-	-
30.8	North-Eastern	101	103 ¹ / ₂	102 ¹ / ₂	1,095	1,077	1,794	1,688	47	47	42 6	50 -	42 6
85.1		96 ³ / ₈	96 ³ / ₈	97 ³ / ₈	2,370	2,326	5,349	5,044	65	57	47 6	51 8	45 -
9.1	Caledonian	121 ¹ / ₂	121 ¹ / ₂	118 ¹ / ₂	234	234	650	614	71	66	52 6	60 -	50 -
5.4	Gt. S. & Wn. Irln.	100	102	103	354	329	320	315	25	25	42 6	50 -	50 -
264.2	<i>Gen. aver.</i>	96 ³ / ₈	98 ³ / ₈	98 ¹ / ₂	7,251	7,031	16,999	16,362	62	59	38 -	50 -	35 9

Consols.—Money Prices 1st Sept., 93¹/₂ to 93¹/₂,—1st August, 92⁷/₈ to 93¹/₂,—1st July, 92, 92¹/₂.

Exchequer Bills. ,, 1s. d. to 2s. pm. ,, 2s. p. ,, 4s. d. to par.

BANK OF ENGLAND.—WEEKLY RETURN.

Pursuant to the Act 7th and 8th Victoria, c. 32 (1844), for Wednesday in each Week, during the THIRD QUARTER (July—Sept.) of 1863.

[0,000's omitted.]

ISSUE DEPARTMENT.					COLLATERAL COLUMNS.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Liabilities.		Assets.			Notes in Hands of Public. (Col. 1 minus col. 16.)	Minimum Rates of Discount at Bank of England.
Notes Issued.	DATES. (Wednesdays.)	Government Debt.	Other Securities.	Gold Coin and Bullion.		
£		£	£	£	£	
Mins.	1863.	Mins.	Mins.	Mins.	Mins.	1863. Per ann. 21 May 4 p. ct.
28,87	July 1	11,02	3,63	14,22	21,14	
28,61	" 8	11,02	3,63	13,96	21,36	
28,54	" 15	11,02	3,63	13,89	21,54	
28,42	" 22	11,02	3,63	13,77	21,61	
28,56	" 29	11,02	3,63	13,91	21,19	
28,68	Aug. 5	11,02	3,63	14,03	21,68	
28,82	" 12	11,02	3,63	14,17	21,26	
28,90	" 19	11,02	3,63	14,25	21,32	
29,13	" 26	11,02	3,63	14,48	20,99	
29,38	Sept. 2	11,02	3,63	14,73	21,19	
29,19	" 9	11,02	3,63	14,53	20,93	
29,33	" 16	11,02	3,63	14,68	20,77	
29,30	" 23	11,02	3,63	14,65	20,75	
29,23	" 30	11,02	3,63	14,56	21,52	

BANKING DEPARTMENT.

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	
Liabilities.					DATES. (Wdn̄sdys.)	Assets.					Totals of Liabilities and Assets.
Capital and Rest.		Deposits.		Seven Day and other Bills.		Securities.		Reserve.			
Capital.	Rest.	Public.	Private.			Government.	Other.	Notes.	Gold and Silver Coin.		
£	£	£	£	£	1863.	£	£	£	£	£	
Mins.	Mins.	Mins.	Mins.	Mins.	July 1	Mins.	Mins.	Mins.	Mins.	Mins.	
14,55	3,20	10,36	16,27	,60	July 1	11,05	25,34	7,73	,85	44,98	
14,55	3,24	5,59	18,60	,66	„ 8	11,05	23,50	7,23	,86	42,64	
14,55	3,28	4,95	16,38	,66	„ 15	11,05	20,90	7,00	,86	39,82	
14,55	3,30	5,39	14,66	,63	„ 22	11,00	19,87	6,81	,85	38,55	
14,55	3,32	5,63	14,44	,63	„ 29	11,00	19,37	7,37	,83	38,58	
14,55	3,42	5,58	13,79	,67	Aug. 5	11,03	19,15	7,00	,82	38,01	
14,55	3,43	5,75	13,58	,68	„ 12	11,09	18,47	7,56	,87	37,99	
14,55	3,45	6,13	13,00	,68	„ 19	11,09	18,32	7,58	,83	37,82	
14,55	3,41	6,71	12,81	,70	„ 26	11,09	18,13	8,14	,83	38,19	
14,55	3,67	6,82	13,26	,73	Sept. 2	11,09	18,99	8,19	,76	39,04	
14,55	3,71	7,00	12,90	,72	„ 9	11,09	18,73	8,26	,81	38,89	
14,55	3,72	7,37	13,48	,71	„ 16	11,09	19,41	8,56	,78	39,84	
14,55	3,72	8,29	12,86	,76	„ 23	11,14	19,72	8,55	,78	40,19	
14,55	3,73	9,27	13,72	,79	„ 30	11,14	23,51	7,71	,70	38,15	

CIRCULATION.—COUNTRY BANKS.

Average Amount of Promissory Notes in Circulation in ENGLAND and WALES, on Saturday, in each Week during the THIRD QUARTER (July—September) of 1863; and in SCOTLAND and IRELAND, at the Three Dates, as under.

ENGLAND AND WALES.				SCOTLAND.				IRELAND.		
DATES.	Private Banks. (Fixed Issues, 4'27.)	Joint Stock Banks. (Fixed Issues, 3'30.)	TOTAL. (Fixed Issues, 7'57.)	Three Weeks, ended	£5 and upwards.	Under £5.	TOTAL. (Fixed Issues, 2'75.)	£5 and upwards.	Under £5.	TOTAL. (Fixed Issues, 6'35.)
	£ Mlns.	£ Mlns.	£ Mlns.		£ Mlns.	£ Mlns.	£ Mlns.	£ Mlns.	£ Mlns.	£ Mlns.
1863.				1863.						
July 4	3,09	2,83	5,93							
„ 11	3,11	2,83	5,95							
„ 18	3,08	2,80	5,88							
„ 25	3,02	2,71	5,80	July 25	1,56	2,60	4,16	2,66	2,33	4,99
Aug. 1	3,01	2,75	5,76							
„ 8	3,00	2,76	5,77							
„ 15	2,98	2,77	5,75							
„ 22	2,96	2,78	5,74	Aug. 22	1,53	2,58	4,11	2,60	2,27	4,88
„ 29	2,97	2,78	5,75							
Sept. 5	3,00	2,79	5,79							
„ 12	3,04	2,82	5,87							
„ 19	3,09	2,87	5,96	Sept. 19	1,18	2,62	4,10	2,64	2,40	5,04

FOREIGN EXCHANGES.—*Quotations as under, LONDON on Paris, Hamburg & Calcutta;—and New York, Calcutta, Hong Kong & Sydney, on LONDON—with collateral cols.*

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
DATES.	Paris.			Hamburg.			New York.	Calcutta.		Hong Kong.	Sydney.	Standard Silver in bars in London.	
	London on Paris.	Bullion as arbitrated.		London on Hamburg.	Bullion as arbitrated.			India Council.	At Calcutta on London.				
		Agnst. Engd.	For Engd.		Agnst. Engd.	For Engd.							
3 m. d.			per mille.	3 m. d.			60 d. s.	60 d. s.	6 m. s.	6 m. s.	30 d. s.	pr. oz.	
1863.		pr. ct.	pr. ct.			pr. ct.	pr. ct.	pr. ct.	d.	d.	d.	pr. ct.	d.
July 4 ..	25·52	—	0·2	½ pm	13·8½	—	0·2	156½	23½	24½	58½	1 p.	61
„ 18 ..	57	—	0·3	„	8¾	—	0·3	160½	„	„	„	„	61½
Aug. 8 ..	60	—	0·3	1 pm	„	—	—	139	„	24½	„	„	61½
„ 22 ..	„	—	0·4	„	„	—	0·7	139½	„	24½	„	„	„
Sept. 5 ..	57	—	0·3	1½ „	9	—	„	138	„	„	„	„	61½
„ 19 ..	„	—	„	½ „	8¾	—	0·8	145	23¾	„	57¾	„	„